In the event that coverage has been denied in response to your Letter of Medical Necessity, you may wish to appeal the decision with your supporting rationale. The following is educational guidance on the form and contents of a Letter of Appeal, which is intended to reflect your judgment on the need for this therapy.

Please carefully review the criteria and determine which, if any, apply to the particular case and include in your letter only those you wish to indicate in support of the medical necessity. This is not intended to replace your assessment of the patient's medical condition and treatment. This is an educational service by Eton Pharmaceuticals, which makes no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency.

The content of your Letter of Appeal reflects exclusively your judgment and is your sole responsibility. Please note that some payors may have specific criteria and forms for prior authorization or to demonstrate medical necessity. Please see Important Safety Information and accompanying full Prescribing Information.

ON OFFICE LETTERHEAD INLCUDING PROVIDER NAME, ADDRESS, PHONE, FAX

KHINDIVI™ (hydrocortisone) 1mg/mL oral solution Letter of Appeal

Date: Payor Name: Payor Address:

Patient Name: Patient Date of Birth: Policy Number: Group Number: Case Number:

Subject: Letter of Appeal regarding KHINDIVI™ (hydrocortisone) 1mg/mL oral solution for a patient with adrenocortical insufficiency

To Whom It May Concern:

I am writing to request an APPEAL of the decision to deny KHINDIVI for my patient

has been diagnosed with adrenocortical insufficiency. KHINDIVI is indicated as replacement therapy in pediatric patients aged 5 years and older with adrenocortical insufficiency.

Our office received a denial for KHINDIVI on

. In that denial, KHINDIVI was denied due to the following reasons:

1.

2.

3.

I disagree with this decision. In my clinical judgement, treatment with KHINDIVI is medically necessary due to the following reasons (answer each reason why KHINDIVI was denied):

1.

2. 3.

Adrenocortical insufficiency:

Adrenocortical insufficiency is a rare endocrine disorder caused when part of the adrenal gland is not making enough cortisol, a vital hormone that regulates metabolism, maintains cardiovascular function, and helps the body respond to stress.

TREATMENT PLAN CRITERIA (Select any of the following that apply or write your own):

My intended use of KHINDIVI[™] (hydrocortisone) 1mg/mL oral solution is to treat adrenolcortical insufficiency with the appropriate dose regimen consistent with standard practice of medical care for children aged 5 years and older with adrenocortical insufficiency.

The strength of hydrocortisone required for optimal dosing is not available in any other commercially available hydrocortisone formulation.

There is no other commercially available hydrocortisone solution that can be administered via gastric tube.

KHINDIVI is suitable for titration when used with an oral syringe, which may avoid the risk of complications from under- and overdosing of hydrocortisone in children with adrenocortical insufficiency.

KHINDIVI is available in a strength of 1 mg/mL as outlined in Section 3 of the approved Prescribing Information. The liquid formulation of KHINDIVI would allow for small dose adjustments that would let me individualize dosing for the patient.

Clinical and lab monitoring per clinical practice guidelines is planned.

There is no equivalent FDA-approved, commercially available oral solution indicated specifically for treatment of adrenocortical insufficiency in children aged 5 years and older.

Requiring failure on current or synthetic, long-acting glucocorticoid therapy would involve the risks of undertreatment (including life-threatening adrenal crisis and hyperandrogenism) and overtreatment (including poor growth, hypertension, and Cushing's syndrome).

The approach I have prescribed is consistent with the *Endocrine Society Clinical Practice Guidelines*. J Clin Endocrinol *Metab.* 2016;101:364-389.

To further support my treatment plan, the Prescribing Information for scored 5 mg Cortef, hydrocortisone tablets, USP indicates "*The lowest possible dose of corticosteroid should be used to control the condition under treatment, and when reduction in dosage is possible, the reduction should be gradual.*" **FDA prescribing information, side effects and uses (https://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov).** Parent manipulation of 5 mg Cortef in my view is not optimal given the wide dosage variability, which has been reported when tablets are split or crushed to create smaller doses for children. **Madathilethu et al.** *BMJ Paediatr Open.* **2018;2(1):e000198**.

I would appreciate your evaluation of this request and ask that you approve KHINDIVI to enable, in my judgment, optimal medical care of . If you have any questions or wish to conduct a peer-to-peer discussion, feel free to contact me at .

Thank you for your time and consideration,

, MD